Heathfield PRIMARY SCHOOL



GURRIGULUM BOOKLET

VEAR 3

SPRING 2



newspaper report expanded noun phrase subordinate clause fronted adverbial conjunctions organisational features punctuation paragraphs formal language proof reading grammar

III 861100F ME MITT BE FEVERILIE

This term in writing, children will build upon the skills they've acquired earlier this year. They'll concentrate on writing various forms of writing, such as

- narrative
- newspaper reports

While exploring these text types and the purposes of each, the children will also recap previously covered skills, and developing others. These include understanding and using:

- > subordinate clauses
- similes
- expanded noun phrases
- > fronted adverbials
- > conjunctions
- ➤ formal language
- > emotive language





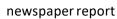




AT COME YOU GAN

- Look at what a <u>newspaper report</u> is and what types of features are needed? Have a go at writing your own newspaper about breaking news!
- Practice using commas in your sentences. Challenge: How many can you do?
- Practice handwriting at home. Have a go at forming all the letters to a consistent size that are also joint too.







context for writing



how to use commas





retrieval underlining inference vocabulary prediction infer key words fiction scanning non-fiction

explain

punctuation

tone

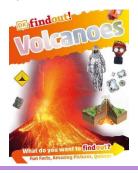
intonation

III 8611000 ME MITT BE TEVBLILLO

This term, our class will continue to explore the non-fiction text, Volcanoes and a non-fiction extracts about volcanoes and rocks. These texts will be the focus to our learning.

The children will focus on enhancing various skills by answering different types of questions including true or false, multiple choice, matching, and constructing sentences in response. These skills include retrieving information from the text, making inferences, understanding vocabulary, predicting outcomes, and summarising.

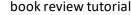
Additionally, during guided reading sessions, children will continue to build upon their fluency and self-correction skills. In these sessions, the children will focus on developing their intonation, tone, and pace, while also enhancing their comprehension skills through a range of questions linked to the text types.



AT HOME YOU GAN

- Read with your child daily (class text/levelled book and library book). Ensure
 a comment is written in their reading journal each time you do. Ask
 them questions based on what they have.
- ➤ How might the character be feeling?
- Summarise what has happened?
- > Can you think of another word for...
- Write a <u>book review</u> about the book that you have read. You can also write one on the <u>Heathfield Book Review</u> Page!
- Identify unfamiliar words use a dictionary to find the meaning or read around the word to find it.







meaning of unfamiliar words



Heathfield Book Review





multiply measurements regrouping centimetre divide millimetre partition perimeter reminders lengths

convert

Roman numerals

intervals

hour minute

III 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLIILO

In this term of maths, the children will be focusing on:

Multiplication and Division

The children will begin learning how to multiply two-digit numbers by one and two digits. Once they have confidently grasped this concept, they will move on to performing the calculation with regrouping.

Next, they will progress to dividing a two-digit number by one and two digits. Initially, they will perform this calculation without regrouping. Then, they will advance to dividing with flexible partitioning and, finally, dividing with remainders.

Measurement

The children will explore measuring in different units of measurement. This exploration will lead them to converting lengths into different units of measurement. Additionally, they will delve into understanding perimeter, how to measure it, and how to calculate it. Towards the end of the term, the children will further develop their knowledge of time, including Roman numerals, estimating and reading time to five minutes, and using AM and PM.







AT HOME YOU CAN

- Learn what perimeter is and how to measure it.
- Practice telling the time and drawing the clocks with different times
- Practice your times tables and divisions hit the button







telling the time



Hit the Button



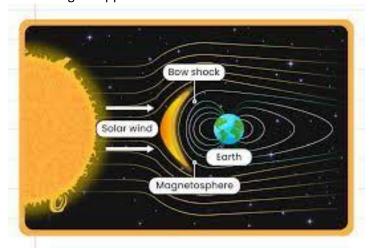
SOEROE

KEYWORDS

pushing pulling forces contact forces comparative test attract/attraction compass magnet magnet force magnetise magnetosphere magnetite repel/repulsion south pole north pole

III 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLIILO

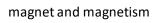
The topic 'Forces and Magnets' will span over the whole of Spring term. This half term the children will make careful observations and compare magnetic fields. They will compare and group materials based on their magnetic properties. Children will gain a knowledge about the magnetosphere and create a compass. They will be encouraged to ask questions about the world around them and explain that they can be answered in different ways. In this topic, the children will investigate magnetic strength using various methods. Through this they will learn to set up and carry out some simple, comparative and fair tests, making predictions for what might happen



AT COME YOU GAN

- Research magnets and magnetism.
- Learn what a compass is and what it is used for.
- <u>Make</u> a compass with your family.







What is a compass?



make a compass



DOMANITIES GEOGRAPIIY

KEYWORDS

epicentre magnitude seismic wave

tremor

Richter scale lava molten aftershock active dormant continental drift metamorphic plate

boundaries vent surge impermeable

magna

III 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLIILO

Rocks, Relics and Rumbles

In the Rocks, Relics and Rumbles project, your child will learn about the different layers of the Earth, including plate tectonics and their potential effects on the Earth's surface.

They will investigate different types of rock to learn about their uses and properties.

They will also investigate soil and fossils, including learning about the work of Mary Anning.

They will have the opportunity to use maps to learn about the lines of latitude and longitude and a compass to learn about the cardinal and intercardinal points.

They will also learn about volcanoes, earthquakes and tsunamis and the long and short-term consequences that these can have.



AT COME YOU GAN

- Write a poem on the theme of volcanoes. You might like to write about an
 eruption, a specific volcano that you have learned about, or the damage caused
 after a volcanic eruption. Try to include expanded noun phrases in your poem.
- Imagine that you just experienced an earthquake write a short story about what happened. Use topic vocabulary to describe the strength of the earthquake, such as: tremor, epicentre, magnitude and seismic wave.
- Create a labelled diagram of a volcano.

USEFUL WEBSITES





Earth's Layers – Inside the Earth
Rocks and Minerals
Mary Anning Facts!
How Tectonic Plates Move
Latitude and Longitude

Plate tectonics

Explore Earthquakes



COMPUTING

KEYWORDS

attribute value question table objects branching database objects equal even separate structure compare order organise selecting information decision tree

III 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLIILO

Branching Databases

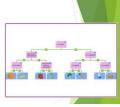
The children will develop their understanding of what a branching database is and how to create one. They will use yes/no questions to gain an understanding of what attributes are and how to use them to sort groups of objects. Children will create physical and on-screen branching databases. To conclude the unit, they will create an identification tool using a branching database, which they will test by using it. They will also consider real-world applications for branching databases. For this unit, both you and your children will need access to the j2data Pictogram, Branch, and Database tools.

At the beginning of the project, children will start to explore questions with yes/no answers, and how these can be used to identify and compare objects. They will create their own yes/no questions, before using these to split a collection of objects into groups.









AT COME YOU GAN

Create a Story Sorting Database:

- Choose a collection of storybooks or short stories.
- Ask children to identify different story elements (characters, setting, genre).
- Develop yes/no questions to sort the stories and create an on-screen branching database using the j2data tools.

Toy Sorting Game:

- Select a mix of toys with distinct attributes (colour, size, shape).
- Work with children to develop yes/no questions to sort the toys.
- Create a physical branching database with the toys and replicate it on the i2data tools

USEFUL WEBSITES





J2data

how to create a Branching Database – J2Data





automaton cam
machine slider
critical analysis lever
axle rotation
mechanism linkage

design criteria

III 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLING

This project teaches children about cam mechanisms. They experiment with different shaped cams before designing, making and evaluating their automaton toy.

The children are beginning to practise a greater level of independence in the designing and making of mechanisms. They will generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design. They will investigate cams systems and how the various shaped cams can affect a mechanism. They will then use this knowledge to design and make an automaton toy of their own. Building on previously learnt skills, the children will be encouraged, through discussion and trial and error to choose tools and materials that are most suitable for their project.

Once completed the children will be led in the process of critical evaluation. They

will analyse each other's projects and be encouraged to consider the suggestions of others, before critically evaluating their own work.





AT COME YOU GAN

- Open the link from the first QR code and go to the "Making a simple cam mechanism". You can use this to make a simple cam mechanism with your child

 it is a good idea to keep repeating the new words as you go through the different steps.
- If you feel inspired, change the shape of the cam and see what happens.
- The second QR code shows you how cams are used in real life and gives you
 and your child some creative ways to decorate your cam and make it look
 visually appealing.

USEFUL WEBSITES



Primary Resources - How to make a simple cam



BBC Teach making a moving shop display







Aitutaki Drum Dance Zebaidir Song Bruno Mars Gladys Knight Stevie Wonder Dionne Warwick Elton John

Randy Newman

Stevie Wonder

pop

Monkees Pete Readman

pulse rhythm

pitch

IL SOLIOOF ME MITT BE FEVBLING

This half term, pupils will be using the song "The Dragon Song". Pupils will sing along, and name instruments they can hear in the song.

Using the recorders we will be practicing to play the instrumental parts using up to 3 notes – G, A & B. Pupils will be working on notation and use the music scale to start to read music in a very simple way.

Throughout the half term, pupils will focus on pop music: A shortened form of 'popular music'. We will highlight that pop music constantly changes as we change and the world changes.

Once pupils are confident in the song, we will be asking pupils to know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song. We will use this to compose a simple melody using simple rhythms choosing from the notes G, A + B or D, E, G, A + B. (Pentatonic scale)

During their composition time we wish pupils to know that there are different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)



Throughout the unit we want pupils to know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five.

AT HOME YOU CAN

- Listen to pop songs together. What do you notice about the structure? Do parts repeat? Can you sing along easily?
- Discuss the meaning and atmosphere of some songs.
- I have added a link to Trolls as they sing a range of famous pop songs with varied forms and types of pop music.
- Ask pupils to build on what they have learnt in lessons with musical notation.
 I have included a link to a video that explains more about musical notation and another link to website that explains the scale. This can get very complicated, but some pupils may wish to explore the scale.

USEFUL WEBSITES



Musical Notation



Trolls Pop
Music Medley



How to Teach Kids to Read Music Notes





RELAGOBOS

Sabbat abstain
Passover liberation
Pesach loyal
sedar plate steadfast
symbolic Judas

disciples

IN 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLING

This term the children will be looking at the dispositions 'Remembering roots' and 'Being Loyal and Steadfast'

Remembering Roots

This unit aims to help the children explore the Jewish roots through their celebrations of Shabbat and Passover. The children will look at the importance of being together to remember significant events whether happy or sad. They will then look at how Jewish people have a rest day called 'Shabbat' and its importance. The children will then explore the origins of the festival of Passover. They will learn about the sedar plate and how it is made of symbolic foods to retell the story of Passover.

Being Loyal and Steadfast

This unit aims to help the children explore being loyal and steadfast through the different religious viewpoints. The children will look at how they show loyalty and commitment to their friends and whether it is difficult to be loyal all the time. They will look at how Muslims children display loyalty through their scout's group. Alongside this, they will explore the story of Jesus and his disciples and their loyalty to him. The children will also learn about Judas and compare his and the disciple's behaviour towards Jesus

AT COME YOU GAN

- Talk to older members of the family (grandparents, aunts, uncles, parents) and talk about your roots. Where did your grandparents come from? Did they have certain traditions that they did? Are you still following those traditions?
- Draw a family tree, look at old photos, how far can you trace your family tree to?
- Read the story of the Sahabah's (Mohammed PBUH companions). Then compare to your own situation with a friend. Are there similarities? What are the differences?

ASELAT MEDSILES



What is the Passover?



loyalty and friendship





community groups different diverse community wider community local community included contributions respect

ILI &GLIOOF ME MITT BE TEVBLILLO

What makes a community?

This half term, the children will be learning what makes a community.

They will discuss, research and learn about how we belong to different groups and communities. We will also learn about what is meant by a diverse community; how different groups make up the wider/ local community around school. Following this, they will learn how the community helps everyone to feel included and values the different contributions that people make. Before ending the term learning about how to be respectful towards people who may live differently to them.



AT COME YOU GAN

- Walk around your local area and note down the different places of worship, different types of shops that cater for different parts of your local community, the different services that supports your local community e.g. the doctor's surgery, nursery, schools... discuss how they all make up our local community that they are part of.
- Go to the <u>Handsworth Park Art Trail</u> which celebrates our local community's history.
- Research what a community is and means.

USEFUL WEBSITES



Handsworth Park Art Trail information



What is a community?





balancesequencerhythmrollmatchingcanonjumpcontrastingunisonindividualcontrolformationgroup workcountinglevels

III 8611001 ME MITT BE TEVBLIILO

PE for 3J

This term, they will be studying gymnastics. In this unit pupils develop balancing, rolling and jumping. They use these skills individually and in combination. Pupils develop their sequence work, collaborating with others to use matching and contrasting actions and shapes and develop linking sequences smoothly with actions that flow. Pupils develop their confidence to perform, considering the quality and control of their actions.

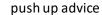
PE for 3B

This term, they will be studying dance. Pupils create dances in relation to an idea. Pupils work individually, with a partner and in small groups, sharing their ideas. Pupils develop their use of counting and rhythm. Pupils learn to use canon, unison, formation and levels in their dances. They will be given the opportunity to perform to others and provide feedback using key terminology.

AT COME YOU GAN

- To develop strength of muscles practice doing 10 squats, press ups and sit ups a day.
- To develop your flexibility, do 10 stretches a day: while standing up, touch your toes, keeping your legs straight; claps your hands behind your back and lift your arms; and while kneeling, reach your arms back to hold onto your ankles while trying to keep your legs together.
- Dance in time to the musicat home and count the beat of the music e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4







creating an animal dance

